Antebellum Social Reform

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| **Across**  **2.** The movement that changed schools so that every child could get an education, and so that there were grade levels, mandatory attendance, free schools, etc.  **4.** This word means the right to vote publicly.  **7.** People who were considered thieves and criminals, who pillaged villages and killed innocent people. They represented alcohol and everything that was bad with it.  **9.** A former slave who became editor of the Rochester North Star.  **10.** The first state to grant women their right to property in 1849.  **13.** This word refers to the time period in America before the Civil War.  **15.** This date was when 3/4 of the state legislatures ratified the 19th amendment.  **17.** The problems the reformers of the Temperance movement hope to solve (3).  **18.** The changes made to schools during and after the Education Movement (3).  **19.** The result of the Temperance movement, also resulted in the prohibition.  **20.** She helped organize the Seneca Falls Convention with Mott and Stanton.  **21.** She was kicked out of the Anti-Slavery Convention and then went on to organize the Seneca Falls Convention.  **22.** This was a religious movement that began in the early 19th century and made it possible for the women's rights, alcohol, and education movements. | **Down**  **1.** The belief that alcohol is bad and that people should abstain from alcohol.  **3.** Lucretia Mott and Elizabeth Stanton were kicked out of this convention because of their gender.  **5.** This Convention was organized in 1848 and was organized by Stanton, Mott, and Anthony.  **6.** This amendment allows women full voting rights.  **8.** A movement that aims to make changes to society, including Women's Suffrage, Education, and Alcohol.  **11.** The amount of women and men who signed the Seneca Falls Declaration.  **12.** He argued that the tax of education was cheap because the tax of a king would be greater.  **14.**  The year when the 18th Amendment was added to the US Constitution.  **16.** She was kicked out of the Anti-Slavery Convention and her husband led the Seneca Falls Convention. |