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| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Cardiac Emergencies/Unresponsive Choking

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|  | 6  A | N | G | I | N | A |  | 7  T | H | I | R | T | Y |  |  |  |  |  | 8  C |
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|  |  | 9  A | R | R | E | S | T |  | 10  R | E | S | T |  |  |  |  |  |  | E |
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|  |  |  |  |  | S |  | 13  C |  |  |  | I |  | 14  T | W | O |  | E |  | T |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  | 15  O | N | E | H | U | N | D | R | E | D |  | I |  | A |
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|  | 16  T | R | 17  A | I | N | I | E | D |  |  |  | 18  T | U | R | N | I | T | O | N |
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| **Across**  **2.** Use weight from here when giving compression ( ) ( )  **4.** With an obstructed airway this is what you do after compressions (and before rescue breaths)  **6.** Pain in the chest that comes and goes at different times  **7.** Number of compressions for an adult, child and infant  **9.** A condition in which the heart has stopped beating is called  **10.** Important care for a victim of a heart attack  **14.** Most people die of a heart attack with ( ) hours  **15.** Compress the chest at the rate of ( ) ( ) compressions per minute  **16.** A reason to stop CPR is because another ( ) person arrives  **18.** First step when using the AED ( ) ( ) ( )  **19.** Give two of these after thirty compressions ( ) ( ) | **Down**  **1.** Stands for cardiopulmonary resuscitation  **3.** When putting pressure on the chest during CPR these are called ( )  **5.** Use two of these when giving compressions on an infant  **8.** The most common symptom of a heart attack ( ) ( )  **11.** Placement (body part) of the heel of the hand when giving CPR  **12.** If breath does not go in, ( ) and try again  **13.** Place heel of hand in the ( ) of the sternum when giving compressions on an adult  **17.** A lifesaving device that delivers an electric shock |