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| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Contraception

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| **1.** Barrier Contraception which male is responsible for | **A.** Surgery or hospital visit |
| **2.** Method of contraception which preventing sperm reaching the egg | **B.** The can rip or tear. |
| **3.** Method of contraception which changes aspects of the woman's reproductive system  | **C.** Diaphragm. |
| **4.** A very unsafe contraceptive technique  | **D.** Condom |
| **5.** Is inserted under the skin of the upper arm | **E.** Implanon rod |
| **6.** female version, but is more expensive to purchase | **F.** Depo Provera |
| **7.** A permanent form of contraception for men. | **G.** Hormonal |
| **8.** A permanent form of contraception for women | **H.** IUD |
| **9.** Side effects of hormonal contraception for some women. | **I.** Check the use by date. |
| **10.** Needs to be taken every day about the same time. | **J.** The pill |
| **11.** Name for the hormonal injection of contraception | **K.** Male condom |
| **12.** Used to be made from linen, rubber or silk | **L.** Morning After Pill |
| **13.** Rubber pouch inserted into the vagina to cover the cervix | **M.** Tubal Ligation |
| **14.** An extra benefit of male & female condoms | **N.** Nausea & mood changes |
| **15.** A possible negative of male condoms | **O.** Withdrawal Method |
| **16.** Lasts for up to 10 years, suitable for older women | **P.** Protect against STI's |
| **17.** Used in an emergency eg condom breaks | **Q.** Female condom |
| **18.** Must do this before opening the condom packet | **R.** Barrier method |
| **19.** IUD, Tubal ligation & vasectomy, | **S.** Vasectomy |
| **20.** Must gain this before engage in sexual activity | **T.** Consent |