|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Electricity

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Across**  **1.** A flow of electric charge  **6.** Conductors obeying Ohm's Law are known as what conductors?  **7.** an electromotive force or potential difference expressed in volts  **9.** A closed circuit in which the current divides into two or more paths before recombining to complete the circuit  **11.** Conventional current flows beginning from which terminal?  **13.** Electron flow(or electron current) flows starting from which terminal  **15.** negative charged particles of an atom  **16.** the passage of electricity through a conductor  **17.** The opposition of a body or substance to current passing through it, resulting in a change of electrical energy into heat or another form of energy.  **18.** Device used to measure Voltage across a wire | **Down**  **2.** Is usually formulated as V = IR, where V is the potential difference, or voltage, I is the current, and R is the resistance of the conductor.  **3.** An electric current flowing in one direction only.  **4.** electric current that reverses its direction of flow in a regular pattern  **5.** Electric discharge resulting from the accumulation of electric charge on an insulated body.  **8.**  An electric circuit connected so that current passes through each circuit element in turn without branching  **10.** Device used to measure Current through a wire.  **12.** Resistance is measured in?  **14.** base unit for electrical current |