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| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Fibres to Fabrics

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|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2R |  E |  G |  E |  N |  E |  R |  A |  T |  E |  D |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  | 3P |  | 4F |  | 5A |  |  I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 6W |  O |  O |  L |  |  N |  |  E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7S |
|  |  |  | 8C |  |  L |  |  A |  |  I |  |  R |  | 9C |  |  |  | 10C |  |  I |
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| **Across****2.** Examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fibres are viscose and acetate**6.** Animal sources include \_\_\_\_\_\_ and silk**11.** Cotton grows in \_\_\_\_\_\_, moist climates**12.** Flax grows in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, damp climates**15.** Examples of synthetic fibres are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and acrylic**18.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fibres come from plant and animal sources**19.** Manufactured fibres are created from a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of raw materials **20.** plant sources include cotton and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | **Down****1.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ describes the thickness of manufactured fibres**3.** When cotton & polyester are mixed together \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is created **4.** linen comes from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plant**5.** Wool is the most common \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fibre used**7.** Silk is produced from a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**8.** when wool is cleaned and combed it is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**9.** Cotton comes from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**10.** The worms spin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of silk**13.** Regenerated fibres contain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because they come from plants**14.** Undesirable properties of cotton are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, not very stretchy, burns easily & shrinks**16.** Printing means applying colour and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to one side of the fabric only**17.** Wool is used to make household products such as blankets, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and rugs  |