Foreign Affairs 1945-1951

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| **Across****4.** The Treaty in 1951 that formally set up the ECSC that Britain did not attend**8.** the adoption of the nuclear weapon programme angered this side of the party**10.** Who said that they could not join the ECSC because Durham miners would not like it**11.** The name of the plan that had the idea of European nations pooling their most productive resources together **12.** European nations most productive resources**13.** Bevin was deterred by there reluctance to accept the loss of national sovereignty | **Down****1.** these were frequently passed at party conferences but never in government**2.** Labour's achievements in this meant they were not willing to hand over their economic areas to a foreign body**3.** Attlee and Bevin were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at heart**5.** Party that echoed labour governments views of Europe**6.** An organisation having power over is individual member states**7.** This was first detonated in 1952**9.** this played a major role in Labours reluctance of the ECSC as they were their main financial backers |