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Ming Dynasty

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| **Across****2.** hongwu decided to return to confucian moral standards, like \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_**4.** hongwu decided to return to \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_, like filial piety**6.** (1371-1433?) Chinese naval explorer who sailed along most of the coast of Asia, Japan, and half way down the east coast of Africa before his death. **11.** Who started the ming dynasty?**12.** hongwu's improvement in agriculture increased rice production & improved \_\_\_\_\_**13.** Became the capital of China during the Ming Dynasty because of its centralized location**15.** High-sterned, with projecting bow, classic Chinese sailing vessel of ancient unknown origin, still in wide use.**16.** (1368- 1644) Chinese Dynasty that followed the Mongols. The Ming moved China's capital to Beijing, and ruled for 300 years of peace and prosperity.**17.** nomadic people from a grasslands north of Korea who established the Qing dynasty in China in 1644 | **Down****1.** Practice of government employment based on competitive examinations and merit **3.** hongwu's improvement in agriculture increased \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ & improved**5.** A walled section of Beijing that encloses the palace that was formerly the residence of the emperor of China. **7.** Formal social roles and institutions that the ancients had abstracted from cosmic models to order communal life. Ritual**8.** One of the foundational virtue of Confucianism, it characterizes the bearing and behaviour that a paradigmatic human being exhibits in order to promote a flourishing human community.**9.** meaning "brilliant", Chinese dynasty that succeeded the Mongol Yuan dynasty in 1368 led by Hongwu and fell to the Manchu Qing dynasty in 1644**10.** 1661-1722, Qing emperor who defeated the Mongols in 1696 and strengthened Chinese infrastructure**14.** meaning "pure", last of the Chinese dynasties, founded by the Manchu in 1644 that fell in 1911 |