|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Plant Characteristics, Classification, and Evolution

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 11 |  |  |  | 12 |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Across**  **3.** A plants that has seeds not covered by an ovary or fruit  **4.** a life cycle with multicellular haploid a diploid stages  **6.** Both male and female sporangia are produced on a single plant  **9.** A water-conducting cell present in vascular land plants  **15.** The male organ on the flower  **16.** The upper tip of the carpel that receives pollen  **18.** The diploid life stage of a plant that produces haploid spores through meiosis  **19.** The part of the stamen that produces pollen  **20.** small leaf fragments released by the gametophyte of liverworts for asexual reproduction  **21.** The green-leaf like parts of a flower that enclose the petals  **23.** The haploid life stage of a plant that produces gametes through mitosis  **24.** The colorful parts on the flower that are attractive to pollinators  **25.** A filamentous, root-like growth that loosely anchors a gametophyte to its substrate  **26.** drying out  **27.** The female gametangium | **Down**  **1.** A life cycle where the primary form is haploid and only the zygote is diploid  **2.** An embryonic leaflike organ that transfers nutrients to a developing embryo  **5.** Clusters of sporangia found on the undersides of ferns  **7.** The female organ of a flower  **8.** A flowering plant that produces seeds inside a carpel  **10.** Male and female sporangia are produced on separate plants  **11.** A small opening in an ovule that acts as an entrance for a pollen tube  **12.** a plant that looses its leaves in the fall  **13.** Small openings in the plant epidermis that allow for gas exchange and limit water loss  **14.** cytoplasmic linkages connecting neighboring cells  **17.** A long, narrow structure that connects the stigma to the ovary  **22.** The male gametangium |

   Gametophyte       Sporophyte       haplodiplontic       Desiccation       stomata       haplontic        plasmodesmata       tracheid        gemmae       rhizoid       archegonium       antheridium        sori       gymnosperm       angiosperm       Monoecious       dioecious       deciduous        micropyle        carpel       sepals       petals       stamen       anther       stigma       style       cotyledon