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| **Across****2.** To remove a relation from an SQL database, we use the \_\_\_\_\_\_ command.**5.**  A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a table represents a relationship among a set of values.**10.**  Which of the following is not a integrity constraint ?**11.** Using which language can a user request information from a database ?**13.** A domain is atomic if elements of the domain are considered to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ units.**15.** The term attribute refers to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a table. | **Down****1.** Select \* from employee What type of statement is this?**3.** A relational database consists of a collection of**4.** For each attribute of a relation, there is a set of permitted values, called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of that attribute.**6.** The term \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to refer to a row.**7.** The\_\_\_\_\_ operation allows the combining of two relations by merging pairs of tuples, one from each relation, into a single tuple.**8.** The tuples of the relations can be of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ order.**9.** SQL applies predicates in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clause after groups have been formed, so aggregate functions may be used.**12.**  Which one of the following is used to define the structure of the relation ,deleting relations and relating schemas ?**14.** Student(ID, name, dept name, tot\_cred) In this query which attribute form the primary key? |