Respiratory Therapy

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| **Across****1.** When one’s vocal chords (larynx) become inflamed**3.** A complete lack of oxygen**4.** newest disease condition of the respiratory system**5.** an active motion that causes the diaphragm to contract**11.** what the right and left lungs are divided into**14.** blood vessels in the walls of the alveoli**16.** illness caused by a virus that can have a detrimental affect on one’s respiratory system**17.** allergies, infections, or pollution can trigger its symptoms**18.** We expel mucus when we sneeze, cough, spit or**19.** hollow spaces in the bones of your head above and below your eyes that are connected to your nose by small openings**20.** a thin layer of tissue, that line the lungs to allow the lungs to expand and contract with ease | **Down****2.** sudden infection of the airways, usually by a virus**6.** connects the upper part of the throat with the nasal cavity**7.** muscle of respiration which is situated beneath the lungs**8.** The first successful what kind of lung transplant was performed in 1986**9.** An infection of the alveoli, usually by bacteria**10.** the primary function of the lungs**12.** Difficulty blowing air out is its hallmark**13.** smallest branches of bronchiole tubes**15.** the average adult has about 600 million of these |