Systems & Philosophies of Government

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| **Across**  **2.** Direct democracy or pure democracy is a form of democracy in which people decide on policy initiatives directly  **10.** Representative democracy is a type of democracy founded on the principle of elected officials representing a group of people  **11.** A system of government by one person with absolute power.  **12.** a Small group of people having control of a country, organization, or institution  **13.** A federal government is a system that divides up power between a strong national government and smaller local governments.  **14.**  A presidential system is a democratic and republican system of government where a head of government leads an executive branch that is separate from the legislative branch | **Down**  **1.** A parliamentary system is a system of democratic governance of a state where the executive branch derives its democratic legitimacy from its ability to command the confidence of the legislative branch  **3.** An alliance of independent states creates a central government of very limited power; the members states have supreme authority over all matters except those few which have been expressly delegated to the central government.  **4.** Federal government has supreme authority and no other government bodies can challenge it.  **5.** Where the government is empowered by law from a starting point of having no power  **6.** The restriction of the arbitrary exercise of power by subordinating it to well-defined and established laws  **7.** A system of government where the citizens exercise power by voting.  **8.** A theory or model that originated during the Age of Enlightenment  **9.** A state in which supreme power is held by the people and their elected representatives, and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch. |