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| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

The Court System (10M)

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| **Across**  **2.** The government side in a criminal trial is called the Crown, or the \_\_\_\_\_.  **5.** When people are found \_\_\_\_ of a crime, they are punished.  **6.** The provincial courts deal with most \_\_\_\_ cases, when it is the government accusing someone of doing something bad.  **11.** Witnesses have to tell the truth in court; if they don't, it is a crime called \_\_\_\_.  **13.** This is where trials happen.  **15.** If one side of a case disagrees with the result, it can make an \_\_\_\_\_ to a higher court so that another judge looks at the case.  **17.** Every person accused of a crime has a right to a \_\_\_\_ to defend them.  **18.** It is a basic rule of Canadian justice that everyone must \_\_\_ the law.  **19.** This word means the fair and equal treatment of people. | **Down**  **1.** There is a system called \_\_\_\_\_ (two words, no space) to help even the poorest person get a lawyer.  **3.** Our system does this to people found guilty of crimes, to send a message that society does not allow that behaviour.  **4.** This is what we call it when legal cases are presented in court.  **7.** This is what we call the person who is accused of a crime, when they are on trial.  **8.** Even if there is only one obvious victim, a crime is considered to affect \_\_\_\_ as a whole.  **9.** This is what we call the decision at the end of a trial, where they say if the accused is innocent or guilty.  **10.** In a trial by \_\_\_\_\_, only one person, the judge, decides on innocence or guilt.  **12.** This is the group of people who hear all the evidence and decide whether the accused is guilty of the crime.  **14.** There are this many people on a jury, in a criminal case.  **16.** In the first step of a trial, the accused enters a \_\_\_, saying if they are admitting guilt or not. |