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The World of Islam

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| 58S |  E |  L |  J |  U |  K |  T |  U |  R |  K |  S |  | 59O |  M |  A |  R |  K |  H |  A |  Y |  Y |  Á |  M |  |  | 60Q |  U |  R |  A |  N |

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| **Across****3.** A series of comments, explanations, or annotations**4.** A law code drawn up by Muslim scholars after Muhammad's death; it provided believers with a set of practical laws to regulate their daily lives**8.** Site in Gaul (now France) that halted the Arab expansion in Europe**9.** Caliph of Abbasid dynasty; his reign is described as a golden age**12.** Arabs living in the desert who were among the first to convert to Islam**14.** Sultan of Egypt who took control of Syria; his army invaded Jerusalem in 1187 and destroyed the Christian crusaders there**17.** Characterized by a very complicated or involved arrangement of parts**18.** Monotheistic religion that emerged in the Arabian Peninsula during the seventh century A.D.**21.** A cloak that covers the full body, with a head-scarf worn underneath**22.** A vail that completely covers the face and body**23.** A headscarf covering the head and neck**31.** Believing there is no deity but the One God, and Muhammad is his messanger**36.** Pastoral people who conquered much of the known world in the early thirteenth century with a destructive force**37.** To eat into or away; destroy by slow consumption or disintegration**39.** Rich widow who became Muhammad's wife and became the first convert to Islam**42.** A Muslim house of worship**43.** City in the Arabian Peninsula where Muhammad was born; location of the Kaaba, a holy shrine Arabs revered for its association with Abraham**45.** The ruler of an Arabic tribe, chosen from one of the leading families by a council of elders**48.** "Struggle in the way of God"**51.** "City of the prophet"; city to which Muhammad and his supporters went in 622**52.** Arabic historian in the fourteenth century who argued for a cyclical view of history**53.** To change in form, appearance, or structure; metamorphose**54.** Making a pilgrimage to Makkah once in a lifetime.**55.** A Muslim group that accepts only the descendants of Muhammed's son-in-law Ali as the true rulers of Islam**56.** The tower of a mosque from which the muezzin calls the faithful to prayer five times a day**57.** A place Muslims believe Muhammad ascended into heaven.**58.** Nomadic people from central Asia who converted to Islam and took command of the empire in 1055**59.** Twelfth-century Persian poet, mathematician, and astronomer; wrote the Rubaiyat**60.** The holy scriptures of the religion of Islam | **Down****1.** Geometric patterns repeated over and over to completely cover a surface with decoration**2.** Performing the prescribed prayers five times a day**5.** Dynasty that arose in Egypt after Abbasid dynasty; focus of trade shifted to Cairo, Egypt**6.** Prophet who received final revelations from God (after Moses and Jesus)**7.** To adjust with relation to, or bring into due relation to surroundings, circumstances, facts, etc.**10.** Location in Spain where the Islamic palace Alhambra was built in the fourteenth century**11.** Acts of worship of the Islam faith: belief, prayer, charity, fasting, and pilgrimage**13.** "Holder of power," the military and political head of state under the Seljuk Turks and the Ottomans**15.** Greatly expanded the Arab Empire, ruled from 661 to 750**16.** A successor of Muhammad as spiritual and temporal leader of the Muslims**19.** Peninsula between Egypt and Mesopotamia; mostly desert land**20.** Lasted from 750-1258 after the Umayyad dynasty and was a more prosperous time; Baghdad became the capital and both Arab and non-Arab Muslims could hold civil and military offices**24.** Arabic philosopher in the twelfth century who wrote a commentary on Aristotle's surviving works**25.** An act or instance of submitting.**26.** Sea north of Persia; Arab traders carried goods here and beyond**27.** A type of script used in the earliest copies of the Quran.**28.** Arabic philosopher and scientist who wrote a medical encyclopedia that among other things, stressed the contagious nature of certain diseases; also known as Avicenna**29.** The act of revealing or disclosing; disclosure.**30.** Giving part of one's wealth to the poor.**32.** Refraining from food and drink from dawn to he sunset through the month of Ramadan.**33.** The crier who calls the Muslim faithful to prayer from the minaret of a mosque**34.** Islamic leader after Muhammad who expanded and united the Muslim world, conquering the entire Persian Empire, northern Africa, and the Byzantine Empire by 650.**35.** To gather together**38.** People who practice the religion of Islam**40.** Arabic for "God"; the supreme god of Islam**41.** Capital during the Abbasid dynasty**44.** The journey of Muhammad and his followers to Madinah in 622, which became year 1 of the official calendar of Islam**46.** A pilgrimage to Makkah, one of the requirements of the Five Pillars of Islam**47.** A Muslim group that accepts only the descendants of the Umayyads as the true rulers of Islam**49.** Capital of Umayyad, Spain; largest city in Europe after Constantinople in 750**50.** A high government official in ancient Egypt or in Muslim countries |