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U.S. History Unit 4 Crossword

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| **Across**  **2.** System in which the president is chosen by a group of specially chosen voters from each state  **4.** Congress called a \_\_\_\_\_\_ to discuss revising the Articles of Confederation  **5.** branch of government which enforces laws  **8.** branch of government which makes laws  **11.** Term for a system of government in which power is divided among different levels of government  **12.** A loose alliance of states with similar interests  **15.** A form of government with elected representatives who rule  **19.** Part of Congress in which the number of representatives for each state is based on population size (\_\_\_\_ of Representatives  **22.** Last name of a Massachusetts farmer who led a rebellion against the local government  **23.** Name of the part of Congress in which each state gets two representatives  **24.** The convention was bound by the rule of \_\_\_\_ to keep private all information about what they were doing  **27.** The framers decided to compromise by counting every 5 slaves living in a state as \_\_\_ people (spell out the #)  **28.** Plan in which Congressional representation would be based on the population size of each state  **32.** Term for a person sent to represent their state at the gathering to revise the Articles  **33.** Group of people about which there was disagreement over how to count them towards a state's population  **34.** Number of citizens needed for a territory to apply to become a state  **36.** The US government's inability to impose \_\_\_\_ caused it to have major financial issues early in its existence  **37.** The land between Canada, the Mississippi River, the Ohio River, and the original 13 states (\_\_\_\_ Territory)  **40.** President of the Constitutional Convention (last name only)  **41.** Agreement which caused the US to gain the rest of the land east of the Mississippi River  **42.** The name of the lawmaking body of the US government  **43.** Under the Articles, states had the ability to print their own \_\_\_\_, creating a lot of confusion and trade issues  **44.** Man who proposed finding a middle ground on the issue of how many representatives each state should get (last name only) | **Down**  **1.** Name for a middle ground agreement in which there are two houses of Congress, one based on population size and one with an equal number of representatives for all states  **3.** Name for the first 10 amendments to the Constitution, designed to satisfy those who feared the new federal government could trample the rights of individuals  **6.** Author of a large majority of the Federalist Papers (last name only)  **7.** Number of states needed to formally approve the Constitution  **9.** Branch of government which interprets laws  **10.** Law which created guidelines for how to divide up the new land controlled by the US after the Revolutionary War  **13.** 1787 law which created guidelines for how new states would be admitted to the union  **14.** Supporters of the new Constitution and its strong central government  **16.** In order to satisfy southern states, Congress was forbidden from interfering with this for 20 years  **17.** A written plan that provides the basic framework of government  **18.** Plan in which Congressional representation would be equal for all states  **20.** Title of the chief executive of the US government  **21.** Building where the new Constitution was created (\_\_\_\_\_ Hall)  **25.** The city where the Founding Fathers met to revise the Articles of Confederation  **26.** "Father of the Constitution" (last name only)  **29.** Term for people who did not support the Constitution because it created too strong of a central government  **30.** Time period of rational and informed thinking in Europe which influenced the Founding Fathers ideas on government  **31.** Oldest member of the Constitutional Convention (last name only)  **35.** A region of land that is not a state but is designated by Congress and led by a governor  **38.** To formally approve a plan or agreement  **39.** This practice was banned by Congress in the northern part of the territory gained from Britain |