|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

World Geography

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1G |  U |  L |  F |  O |  F |  M |  E |  X |  I |  C |  O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3A |  |  |  |  | 4H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5P |  A |  N |  A |  M |  A |  C |  A |  N |  A |  L |  |  | 6C |  O |  R |  D |  I |  L |  L |  E |  R |  A |  S |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  G |  |  |  |  |  R |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  T |  |  | 7C |  | 8L |  |  |  | 9D |  R |  I |  E |  S |  T |  |  |  N |  | 10L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  I |  |  |  E |  |  L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  N |  |  |  |  |  A |  |  A |  |  | 11C |  | 12G |  |  |
| 13P |  A |  T |  A |  G |  O |  N |  I |  A |  | 14T |  R |  I |  B |  U |  T |  A |  R |  Y |  |  N |  |  T |  |  |  H |  |  R |  |  |
|  |  |  |  N |  |  |  T |  |  N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  I |  |  |  |  |  D |  |  I |  |  |  R |  |  A |  | 15C |
|  |  |  |  R |  |  |  R |  |  O |  |  |  |  |  | 16A |  N |  D |  E |  S |  M |  O |  U |  N |  T |  A |  I |  N |  S |  |  A |
|  |  |  |  E |  |  |  A |  |  |  |  | 17S |  |  |  |  A |  |  |  |  |  C |  |  |  |  |  S |  |  S |  |  R |
|  |  |  |  V |  |  |  L |  |  |  |  |  I |  |  |  |  I |  |  |  |  |  O |  | 18G |  |  |  T |  |  L |  |  I |
| 19E |  U |  R |  O |  P |  E |  A |  N |  |  | 20A |  M |  A |  Z |  O |  N |  R |  I |  V |  E |  R |  |  A |  |  |  I |  |  A |  |  B |
|  |  |  |  L |  |  |  M |  |  |  |  |  O |  |  |  |  D |  |  |  |  |  T |  |  U |  |  |  A |  |  N |  |  B |
|  |  |  |  T |  | 21M |  E |  X |  I |  C |  A |  N |  I |  N |  D |  E |  P |  E |  N |  D |  E |  N |  C |  E |  |  N |  |  D |  |  E |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  R |  |  |  |  |  B |  |  |  |  P |  |  |  |  |  Z |  |  H |  |  |  S |  |  S |  |  A |
|  |  |  | 22A |  L |  T |  I |  P |  L |  A |  N |  O |  S |  | 23M |  E |  X |  I |  C |  O |  |  |  O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  N |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  C |  |  |  |  |  L |  |  |  |  N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24H |  I |  G |  H |  L |  A |  N |  D |  S |  |  I |  | 25H |  Y |  D |  R |  O |  E |  L |  E |  C |  T |  R |  I |  C |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  V |  |  |  |  E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 26T |  I |  E |  R |  R |  A |  C |  A |  L |  I |  E |  N |  T |  E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  R |  |  |  |  C |  |  | 27C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28E |  S |  C |  A |  R |  P |  M |  E |  N |  T |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29F |  R |  A |  N |  C |  I |  S |  C |  O |  P |  I |  Z |  A |  R |  R |  O |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  P |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30E |  S |  T |  U |  A |  R |  Y |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Across****1.** Major deposit of oil and natural gas **5.** Important waterway that cuts through the isthmus of Panama**6.** Parallel mountain ranges **9.** The Atacama Desert is one of the \_\_\_\_ places in the world**13.** hills and lower flatlands formed in Argentina**14.** a river or stream flowing into a larger river or lake**16.** Runs along the western edge of south America and is the world's longest mountain range**19.** Arts and literature in Latin America were shaped by \_\_\_\_ styles**20.** Western Hemisphere's longest river**21.** led by Miguel Hidalgo, a parish priest, in 1810**22.** high flat plains**23.** Leading petroleum producer in Latin America**24.** The Mato Grosso Plateau is part of the \_\_\_\_\_ of South America**25.** water systems provide \_\_\_\_\_ power**26.** lies between sea level and 2,500 feet and has average annual temperatures of 68F to 91F**28.** a long, steep slope, especially one at the edge of a plateau or separating areas of land at different heights**29.** Marched into Peru and conquered the Inca Empire**30.** place where tide mees a river current | **Down****2.** led by Toussaint-Louverture, in the 1790's, Haiti had won its independence from France**3.** led by Jose De San Martin when he led his Latin American forces**4.** Landed in Mexio with 600 conquistadors and marched Tenochtitlan**7.** Part of America that contains: Belize, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama**8.** A treeless grassy plain**10.** its called Latin America because the lanuagues spoken, Spanish and Portuguese, are derived from \_\_\_\_\_**11.** During Colonial era most latin Americans became \_\_\_\_\_**12.** The pampas consist primarly of **15.** Latin is divided in 3 sections: Middle America, South America and **17.** won freedom for the present-day countries of Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia**18.** Major agricultural product of Argentina, cow hand that rid the pampas herding livestock**27.** Continous layer of leaves  |