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| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

World Geography

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1  G | U | L | F | O | F | M | E | X | I | C | O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  | 2  H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3  A |  |  |  |  | 4  H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5  P | A | N | A | M | A | C | A | N | A | L |  |  | 6  C | O | R | D | I | L | L | E | R | A | S |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | G |  |  |  |  | R |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | T |  |  | 7  C |  | 8  L |  |  |  | 9  D | R | I | E | S | T |  |  | N |  | 10  L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | I |  |  | E |  | L |  |  |  |  |  |  | N |  |  |  |  | A |  | A |  |  | 11  C |  | 12  G |  |  |
| 13  P | A | T | A | G | O | N | I | A |  | 14  T | R | I | B | U | T | A | R | Y |  | N |  | T |  |  | H |  | R |  |  |
|  |  |  | N |  |  | T |  | N |  |  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  | D |  | I |  |  | R |  | A |  | 15  C |
|  |  |  | R |  |  | R |  | O |  |  |  |  |  | 16  A | N | D | E | S | M | O | U | N | T | A | I | N | S |  | A |
|  |  |  | E |  |  | A |  |  |  |  | 17  S |  |  |  | A |  |  |  |  | C |  |  |  |  | S |  | S |  | R |
|  |  |  | V |  |  | L |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  | O |  | 18  G |  |  | T |  | L |  | I |
| 19  E | U | R | O | P | E | A | N |  |  | 20  A | M | A | Z | O | N | R | I | V | E | R |  | A |  |  | I |  | A |  | B |
|  |  |  | L |  |  | M |  |  |  |  | O |  |  |  | D |  |  |  |  | T |  | U |  |  | A |  | N |  | B |
|  |  |  | T |  | 21  M | E | X | I | C | A | N | I | N | D | E | P | E | N | D | E | N | C | E |  | N |  | D |  | E |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | R |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  | P |  |  |  |  | Z |  | H |  |  | S |  | S |  | A |
|  |  |  | 22  A | L | T | I | P | L | A | N | O | S |  | 23  M | E | X | I | C | O |  |  | O |  |  |  |  |  |  | N |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |  |  |  | L |  |  |  | N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24  H | I | G | H | L | A | N | D | S |  | I |  | 25  H | Y | D | R | O | E | L | E | C | T | R | I | C |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | 26  T | I | E | R | R | A | C | A | L | I | E | N | T | E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | R |  |  |  | C |  |  | 27  C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28  E | S | C | A | R | P | M | E | N | T |  |  |  |  |  |
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| **Across**  **1.** Major deposit of oil and natural gas  **5.** Important waterway that cuts through the isthmus of Panama  **6.** Parallel mountain ranges  **9.** The Atacama Desert is one of the \_\_\_\_ places in the world  **13.** hills and lower flatlands formed in Argentina  **14.** a river or stream flowing into a larger river or lake  **16.** Runs along the western edge of south America and is the world's longest mountain range  **19.** Arts and literature in Latin America were shaped by \_\_\_\_ styles  **20.** Western Hemisphere's longest river  **21.** led by Miguel Hidalgo, a parish priest, in 1810  **22.** high flat plains  **23.** Leading petroleum producer in Latin America  **24.** The Mato Grosso Plateau is part of the \_\_\_\_\_ of South America  **25.** water systems provide \_\_\_\_\_ power  **26.** lies between sea level and 2,500 feet and has average annual temperatures of 68F to 91F  **28.** a long, steep slope, especially one at the edge of a plateau or separating areas of land at different heights  **29.** Marched into Peru and conquered the Inca Empire  **30.** place where tide mees a river current | **Down**  **2.** led by Toussaint-Louverture, in the 1790's, Haiti had won its independence from France  **3.** led by Jose De San Martin when he led his Latin American forces  **4.** Landed in Mexio with 600 conquistadors and marched Tenochtitlan  **7.** Part of America that contains: Belize, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama  **8.** A treeless grassy plain  **10.** its called Latin America because the lanuagues spoken, Spanish and Portuguese, are derived from \_\_\_\_\_  **11.** During Colonial era most latin Americans became \_\_\_\_\_  **12.** The pampas consist primarly of  **15.** Latin is divided in 3 sections: Middle America, South America and  **17.** won freedom for the present-day countries of Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia  **18.** Major agricultural product of Argentina, cow hand that rid the pampas herding livestock  **27.** Continous layer of leaves |