|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

ml /k l;/,

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1.** a condition in which people do not have adequate access to | **A.** food |
| **2.** Chronic | **B.** growth. |
| **3.** Condition suffered by people who cannot grow or buy enough food to meet their basic energy | **C.** Agriculture |
| **4.** the natural physical drive to eat, prompted by the body's need for | **D.** water |
| **5.** Chronic | **E.** Agriculture |
| **6.** Faulty nutrition, caused by a diet that does not supply an individual with enough protein, essential fats, vitamins, minerals, and other nutrients needed for good | **F.** Agriculture |
| **7.** Plantation | **G.** food |
| **8.** Production system based on a large estate owned by an individual, family, or corporation and organized to produce a cash | **H.** Undernutrition |
| **9.** High Input | **I.** cages |
| **10.** Farming using a lot of energy, pesticides, fertilizer, and | **J.** cutting. |
| **11.** Traditional Subsistence | **K.** activities. |
| **12.** Production of enough crops or livestock for a farm family's survival and, in good years, a surplus to sell or put aside for hard | **L.** periods. |
| **13.** Traditional Intensive | **M.** needs. |
| **14.** Farmers increase their inputs of human and draft-animal labor, fertilizer, and water to obtain higher crop | **N.** times. |
| **15.** Complex form of intercropping in which a large number of different plants maturing at different times are planted | **O.** fertilizers. |
| **16.** Green | **P.** Agriculture |
| **17.** Rapid diffusion of new agricultural technology, especially new high-yield seeds and | **Q.** health. |
| **18.** Raising marine and freshwater fish in ponds and underwater | **R.** wind |
| **19.** Soil | **S.** chemicals. |
| **20.** Wearing away of surface soil by water and | **T.** Revolution |
| **21.** Degradation of land, especially in semiarid areas, primarily because of human actions like excessive crop planting, animal grazing, and tree | **U.** yields. |
| **22.** Accumulation of salts in soil that can eventually make the soil unable to support plant | **V.** Erosion |
| **23.** A form of soil degradation that occurs when soil remains under water for prolonged | **W.** together. |
| **24.** Unwanted organism that directly or indirectly interferes with human | **X.** crop. |
| **25.** Chemicals used on plants that do not harm the plants, but kill pests and have negative repercussions on other species who ingest the | **Y.** Malnutrition |